BROUGHTON JEWISH CASSEL FOX (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

Haines Watts
Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors
Bridge House
157A Ashley Road
Hale
Altrincham
Cheshire
WA14 2UT

CONTENTS

	Page
Reference and administrative details	1
Governors' report	2-8
Governance statement	9 - 12
Statement on regularity, propriety and compliance	13
Statement of governors' responsibilities	14
Independent auditor's report on the accounts	15 - 17
Independent reporting accountant's report on regularity	18 - 19
Statement of financial activities including income and expenditure account	20 - 21
Balance sheet	22
Statement of cash flows	23
Notes to the accounts including accounting policies	24 - 43

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Members

Rabbi Bernard Cohen

Rabbi Anthony Jaffe

Dov Black

Governors

Mr Yehuda Fagleman Rabbi Amir Ellituv

Mr Sydney Fulda

Rabbi Yehuda Pearlman (appointed 15 Dec 2021)

Ms Catherine Davies
Mrs Hannah Nussbaum
Mr David Bondt
Miss Nicola Taylor
Mr Shlomie Graff
Mrs Tamar Tabor
Mrs Bashy Rice

Mrs Tamar Tabor Mrs Bashy Rice Dani Mechlowitz David Mechlowitz Nicola Jaysan Izzy Rosenberg Alison Kaye

Senior Leadership Team

Y Pearlman N Taylor S Caplan R Baker

Company Name

Broughton Jewish Cassel Fox

Registered Office

Legh Road, Salford, M7 4RT

Independent Auditor

Haines Walts, Bridge House, 157A Ashley Road, Hale, Altrincham, WA14 2UT

Bankers

Lloyds Bank, King Street, Manchester, M2 4LQ

GOVERNORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

The trustees present their annual report together with the financial statements and auditor's report of the charitable company for the year to 31 August 2022. The annual report serves the purposes of both a trustees' report, and a directors' report under company law.

The academy trust operates an academy for pupils aged 3 to 11 serving a catchment area within Salford. Pupils attend the academy from Salford and the neighbouring authorities of Bury, Manchester and Trafford. It has a pupil capacity of 451 and had a roll of 426 in the school census on June 2021.

Structure, governance and management

Constitution

The academy trust is a company limited by guarantee and an exempt charity. The charitable company's memorandum and articles of association are the primary governing documents of the academy trust.

The governors are the trustees of Broughton Jewish Cassel Fox and are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law. Details of the governors who served during the year, and to the date these accounts are approved, are in included the Reference and Administrative Details on page 1.

Members' liability

Each member of the charitable company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the charitable company in the event of it being wound up while they are a member, or within one year after they cease to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £10, for the debts and liabilities contracted before they ceased to be a member.

Governors' indemnities

In accordance with normal commercial practice, the Academy has purchased a Risk Protection Arrangement to protect Governors and officers from claims arising from negligent acts, errors or omissions occurring whilst on Academy business. The arrangement provides cover of up to £10,000,000 being the amount payable in total in any one period of cover.

Method of recruitment and appointment or election of governors

Foundation Governors are appointed by the Members, normally for a term of 4 years. In addition, there is a Community Governor, Parent Governors and Staff Governors. Parent Governors are elected by parents and Staff Governors are elected by the members of staff.

The Articles of Association require the trust board members to appoint a minimum of 3 Governors to be responsible for the statutory and constitutional affairs of the charitable company and the management of the Academy. The Articles of Association contain provisions for the appointment of additional Governors including Staff Governors and Parent Governors. There is no maximum number of Governors.

The Governing Body now comprises of 16 Governors, including 2 Staff Governors and 2 Parent Governors. The Principal is an ex-officio governor.

Policies and procedures adopted for the induction and training of governors

New Governors have induction training and support available to them, via the Clerk to the Governing Body and through training courses provided by suitable professional organisations.

Organisational structure

The Governing Body is responsible for the efficient running of the school and efficient delivery of education. The day to day management of the school is delegated to the Principal, the deputy Head Teachers and the Senior Leadership Team. The Accounting Officer is the Principal, but the Chair of the Governors and the Finance Governor operate an additional layer of supervision over the school finances.

The Governors set and review school policles, set the academic targets, set the budget, monitor academic and financial performance and are actively involved in supervising and monitoring the management of the school along with the senior leaders of the school.

GOVERNORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

The Governors have committees responsible for specific areas. The governance structure for 2021 - 2022 was as

- Leadership, Management & Quality of Education;
- Behavior, Attitudes & Personal Development; and 2, 3.
- Resources.

Each committee has its own terms of reference. Committees usually meet at least once per term.

All Governors receive weekly newsletters and are kept up to date by regular e-mail. Many Governors help in school on a regular basis, often attending events. All Governors have access to all policies, procedures, minutes, accounts, budgets and plans that they need to discharge their governing body duties.

Arrangements for setting pay and remuneration of key management personnel

The Chair and the Vice Chair have regular and frequent performance meetings where the Senior Leadership are appraised against agreed set targets. There is also input from outside Consultants in this regard. The results of these appraisals are used to assess the level of remuneration in the forthcoming year.

Related parties and other connected charities and organisations

There are no related parties, which either control or significantly influence the decisions or operations of Broughton

The academy works closely with parents and other stakeholders to further the principal activities of the academy.

Objectives and activities

Objects and aims

The principal object and activity of the Charitable Company is the operation of Broughton Jewish Cassel Fox Primary School.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, the charitable company has adopted a "Scheme of Government" approved by the Secretary of State for Education. The Scheme of Government specifies, amongst other things, the basis for admitting pupils to the Academy.is as follows:

- Orthodox Jewish children who are 'Looked After' by a Local Authority; 1.
- Orthodox Jewish children with another child residing at the same home address of the child already attending 2. 3.
- Orthodox Jewish children who have attended the Kindergarten and Nursery;
- Orthodox Jewish children living within a one mile radius of the school;
- Other Jewish children:
- Other 'Looked After' children; and 6,
- Other children.

The curriculum should comply with the substance of the National Curriculum.

The main objectives of the Academy are:

Academic - The school aims for children to make good progress during school and to be effectively challenged to achieve their full potential. To achieve well in standardised tests and maintain a high standard in national benchmarks as well as provide a broad and balanced curriculum.

Wellbeing - To consolidate on the bronze award achievement for being an emotionally friendly school and by

Religious - The school promotes the values, standards and discipline of the faith. It provides a strong Jewish education which imbues children with the knowledge of, and pride in, their heritage and identity.

GOVERNORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

Objectives, strategies and activities

The objectives of the school are to provide the highest quality of education for each and every child, whilst maintaining the warm and welcoming atmosphere of the school and enhancing the pupils' knowledge of, and pride in, their faith and tradition.

Public benefit

The Governors have complied with their duty to have due regard to the guidance on public benefit issued by the Charity Commission in exercising their powers and duties.

In setting our objectives and planning our activities the trustees have carefully considered the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit.

Strategic report

Achievements and performance

All year groups operate as a two-form entry. Pupil numbers at the 31st August 2022 were 376.

Table of Results 2021/22

SUBJECT EYFS GOOD LEVEL OF DEVELOPMENT PHONICS YEAR 1 PHONICS YEAR 2 KS1 COMBINED READING WRITING MATHS KS2 COMBINED READING WRITING WRITING MATHS GPS	SCHOOL % 75 90 93 33 63 39 70 69 87 77	NATIONAL % 65 76 87 53 67 58 68 59 74 69
GP5	79	72

Below shows a breakdown of year groups:

Nursery

Wellcomm current data 67% on green 16% on track for green 3 SEND 33% on track 1 PP 0% on track

Reception

10% current GLD 76% predicted 4 SEND 0% on track 2 PP 0% on track

GOVERNORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

Year 1 current Data

Subject Current		
Carcill	Confidence	Potential
Writing 16%	60%	80%
1070	53%	76%
maths 20%	71%	85%

3 Children SEND 33% good progress

4 Pupil premium children 75% good progress

Phonics 6% currently passed 82% predicted

Year 2 current Data

Subject Current Confidence Potential Reading 39% 71% 88% Writing 20% 59% 84% Maths 35% 84%	
Writing 20% 59% 88%	
59%	
1 Mains 1 050/ 1 0470	
Mains 35% 78% 89%	

6 children SEND 50% good progress as long as we can get the writing secure by the end of the year 2 Pupil premium children - 50% good progress

Year 3 current Data (transition from KS1)

Subject	Current		
Reading	44%	Confidence	Potential
Writing	30%	62%	88%
Maths		56%	84%
1 110010	48%	72%	88%

³ SEND 0% good progress

2 PP 0% good progress

KS1 where underperforming due to the amount of catch up required as a result of COVID, EYFS reasonably good data as they were in nursery and moved up with their nursery teacher who knew their strengths

KS2 were a strong cohort who were very engaged throughout both lockdowns.

Potential will be only be achieved with an intense programme of intervention. From the current data SEN is having an impact and Pupil Premium in some years is having a negative impact especially year 6 where there are 15% of children on the SEN register.

<u>Attendance</u>

The figures below illustrate our attendance figures for both pupils and staff:

September - 30 November 2021

PUPILS PupII Attendance Nursery-Y6 Pupil Covid Absences	September	October	November
	93,51%	95.93%	96.36%
	8.3%	0.7%	0.93%
STAFF	September	October	November
Staff Absence	1.9%	4.04%	8.8%
Staff Covid Absence	0%	1.8%	3.8%

Absence levels such as these will obviously continue to present as a challenge. Additionally, school trips and visits from external providers have been curtailed, narrowing the educational exposure we would normally provide for the pupils.

GOVERNORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

Key performance indicators

The academy is committed to observing the importance of performance indicators, to ensure that it continues to strive for both educational and financial excellence.

In September 2016 a 'Good' award was issued by Ofsted.

The Overall effectiveness was found to be 'Good', This included the 'Good' recognition in all the key areas, namely 1, Effectiveness of leadership, 2, Quality of teaching, learning and assessment, 3, Personal development, behaviour and welfare, 4, Outcomes for pupils and 5, Early years provision.

Pupil progress since this time continues to be 'good' with progress in reading, writing and maths mainly above average.

Going concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the board of governors has a reasonable expectation that the academy trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, the board of governors continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the statement of accounting policies.

Financial review

The academy's financial objectives are:

- To set and operate within an agreed and balanced budget.
- Applying at all times, best value principles in all purchases.
- · Monitoring and evaluating the value for money of all staff.

These objectives were achieved in the period ending 31 August 2022.

Most of the academy's income is obtained from the ESFA in the form of recurring grants, the use of which is restricted to particular purposes. The grants received from the ESFA during the period ending 31st August 2022 and the associated expenditure are shown as restricted funds in the Statement of Financial Activities.

The academy also receives grants for fixed assets. In accordance with the charities Statement of Recommended Practice, "Accounting and Reporting by Charities," (SORP 2005) such grants are shown in the Statement of Financial Activities as restricted income in the fixed asset fund. The restricted fund balance is reduced by annual depreciation charges over the expected useful life of the assets concerned.

During the period ended 31 August 2022, total incoming resources were £2,637,000 and resources expended was £2,964,000. The excess of expenditure over income for the period was £327,000

In the Academies Accounts Direction 2014 to 2015 (SORP 2005), the ESFA amended their guidance in relation to accounting for buildings. This guidance noted that Academies that convert from former voluntary aided schools such as the Broughton Jewish Cassel Fox, and continue to occupy the site occupied by the predecessor school, often have different occupancy arrangements to other schools. In this case the freehold land and buildings are owned independent from the Academy, in this case S M Kupetz and A Jaffe. The ESFA's view is that taking all considerations into account it is likely that most academies such as the Broughton Jewish Cassel Fox will conclude that the asset should be recognised on their balance sheet and this policy has been adopted.

Based on the recent views of the ESFA, the land and buildings are shown in the accounts based on the valuation information provided by JMC Chartered Surveyors & Property Consultants in May 2014, less depreciation that would have been incurred to date.

At 31 August 2022, the net book value of fixed assets was £4,441,000 and movements in tangible fixed assets are shown in note 11 to the financial statements. The assets were used exclusively for providing education and associated support services to pupils.

The academy held fund balances at 31st August 2022 of £4,563,000. This comprised unrestricted general funds of £58,000, restricted fixed asset funds of £4,455,000 and a surplus on the pension reserve of £50,000

GOVERNORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

The pension value as at 31 August 2022 has been determined by the actuary which is now showing the academy trust as having a pension asset as at 31 August 2022. In accordance with applicable accounting standards, the asset value has been deemed to be recognisable on the basis that the academy trust has expectations of reduced future employer contributions at some point during the life of the plan. Although a pension asset is arising, this does not create an immediately realisable asset that can be expended for the specific purposes of the pension fund.

Reserves policy

The Governors review the reserve levels of the academy annually. This review encompasses the nature of income and expenditure streams, the need to match income with commitments and the nature of reserves. Governors have determined that the minimum level of reserves should be circa £100,000. This is to ensure there is sufficient working capital to cover delays in receipt of the grant and urgent payments.

Governors remain committed to fund any shortfalls within the academy with charitable income raised.

Investment policy

The academy does not hold any investments currently but will review this policy on an annual basis.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Governors have assessed the major risks to which the academy is exposed, in particular, those relating to the operational areas of the site and facilities and of teaching and the finances. The Governors have implemented a system to assess the risks the school faces, especially in the operational areas which include teaching and health and safety and in relation to the control of finance. The Governors have introduced systems, including operational procedures and internal financial controls in order to minimise risk. In circumstances where significant financial risk still remains, they have ensured that they have adequate insurance cover.

Outlined below is a description of the principal risk factors which may affect the academy. Not all factors are within the academy's control. Other factors besides those listed below may also adversely affect the academy.

1. Government Funding

The academy has considerable reliance on continued Government funding through the ESFA. In 2021/2022, 79% of the academy's revenue was ultimately public, and this level of requirement is expected to continue. There can be no assurance that government policy or practice will remain the same or that public funding will continue at the same

This risk is mitigated in a number of ways:

- Funding Is derived from a number of direct and indirect contractual arrangements.
- By ensuring that the Academy is rigorous in delivering high quality education and training.
- Considerable focus and investment is placed on maintaining and managing key relationships with the ESFA.

The academy has undertaken work during the period to develop and embed the system of internal control, including financial, operational and risk management which is designed to protect the academy's assets and reputation.

We monitor our risks regularly in order to identify key risks, assess the likelihood of these risks occurring and their potential impact on the academy and the proposed actions to be taken to reduce and mitigate the risks.

Fundraising

Fundraising activities are undertaken within the Broughton Jewish (Ohel Moshe Yitschok) Charity. A fundraising committee was established in 2003 with the aim of covering any deficits within the charity and the success of this committee has meant that these funds have been used for the benefit of the academy. The committee comprises of various individuals, including school governors who operate on a voluntary basis.

The principal source of this income is from parents and discretionary donations from charitable trusts. This academic year the Charity held a matching campaign and raised a significant amount of money. This will be used to

The school has a fundraising arm, the BJOF (Broughton Jewish Opportunity Fund) that raises money to enhance the school's fund through the annual year book and other activities

GOVERNORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

Volunteers continue to play an active role in supporting the school remotely with fundraising activities.

Streamlined energy and carbon reporting

As the academy trust has not consumed more than 40,000 kWh of energy in this reporting period, it qualifies as a low energy user under these regulations and is not required to report on its emissions, energy consumption or energy efficiency activities

Plans for future periods

The academy will continue to strive to achieve the highest academic standards, ensuring that every pupil realises their full potential. It will also maintain its efforts to ensure the well-being and happiness of each and every child. Current building works will continue resulting in increased classroom numbers.

Auditor

In so far as the governors are aware:

· there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware

 the governors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

A resolution proposing that Haines Watts be reappointed as auditor of the charitable company will be put to the members.

The governors' report, incorporating a strategic report, was approved by order of the board of governors, as the company directors, on 20 December 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

D Bondt

Chair of the Board of Governors

GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

Scope of responsibility

As trustees, we acknowledge we have overall responsibility for ensuring that Broughton Jewish Cassel Fox Primary School has an effective and appropriate system of control, financial and otherwise. However, such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The board of trustees has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Principal, as accounting officer, for ensuring financial controls conform with the requirements of both propriety and good financial management and in accordance with the requirements and responsibilities assigned to it in the funding agreement between Broughton Jewish Cassel Fox Primary School and the Secretary of State for Education. They are also responsible for reporting to the board of trustees any material weaknesses or breakdowns in Internal control.

Governance

The information on governance included here supplements that described in the Trustees' Report and in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities. The board of governors has formally met 3 times during the year. Attendance during the year at meetings of the board of trustees was as follows:

Governors	Meetings attended	Out of a possible
D Bondt (Chair)	3	out of a possible
Y Fagleman	3	3
A Ellituv	0	3
S Fulda	3	3
Y Pearlman	3	3
C Davies	2	3
H Nussbaum	3	<u> </u>
David Mechlowitz	1 0	3
N Taylor	3	3
S Graff	2	3
T Tabor	3	3
B Rice	3	3
Dani Mechlowitz	3	3
A Kaye	3	3
N Jaysan		3
Rosenberg	2	3
77.10001100119	3	3

During the academic year 2021/22 the academy trust has maintained regular monthly meetings between the head teacher and chairs of all committees, in addition to our regular board of trustees' meetings to ensure improved communication and involvement.

All Trustees and staff complete a pecuniary interests form and the Trust register is updated accordingly. Throughout the year at every board and committee meeting, Trustees are asked to declare pecuniary interests.

Trustees review on an annual basis the composition of the Board to Trustees' skills meet the quality and depth required to ensure effective management. This includes an annual evaluation of Trustees skills using the National Governance Association's audit.

The academy has a separate Resources Committee with responsibility for the academies financial management, internal scrutiny, human resources, premises management, health and safety and risk management. During the period the committee has led on budget approval, staffing structures and IT improvements.

The governors have considered the need for a specific internal audit function and has decided not to appoint an internal auditor. However, the governors have appointed I Rosenberg, a governor and Chartered Accountant, to carry out a programme of internal checks

The reviewer's role includes giving advice on financial matters and performing a range of checks on the academy trusts financial systems. On a termly basis the reviewer reports to the Resources Committee on the operation of the systems of control and the discharge of the members' financial responsibilities.

GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

The Resources Committee met four times during the year with management accounts presented to the Chair of Resources on a monthly basis for consideration by the members in order to maintain effective financial oversight. Attendance at meetings in the year was as follows:

Governors	nors Meetings attended	
l Rosenberg (Chair)	4	
Y Fagleman	4	4
Y Pearlman	4	4
D Bondt	4	4
S Graff	2	4
David Mechlowitz	4	4
Dani Mechlowitz	<u> </u>	4
Hannah Nussbaum	1 2	4
	<u></u>	<u> </u>

Conflicts of Interest

The approach to preventing a conflict of interest from affecting decision-making is to identify potential conflicts in advance. This gives trustees time to consider the implications and to respond appropriately. To ensure that trustees remain in an optimal position to manage any real or perceived conflict, declarations of interest are routinely noted at the start of each trustee meeting in relation to any item covered on the agenda. By asking trustees to declare their interests at meetings together with maintaining and regularly updating a register of such interests, the trust can identify potential conflicts of interests on a continuous basis. The key to managing such potential conflicts in an open and transparent manner. Where the board faces a declared conflict of interest, the individual involved would remove themselves from the discussion. The conflict and action taken to manage it is recorded in the minutes. All trustees and staff with significant influence are mandated to declare their business and pecuniary interests on appointment and at least annually thereafter or when there is any change in their interests at any point. The academy:

- Ensures that every trustee and person with significant influence understands what the ESFA Handbook considers to constitute a conflict of interest or a potential conflict of interest.
- Ensures that every trustee and person with significant influence understands that they have a responsibility to identify and declare any business or pecuniary interest that might arise.
- Ensures that every trustee and person with significant influence formally records in the trust's Register of Business and Pecuniary Interests the interest and their responsibility to take any necessary actions to ensure that the interest does not affect the decision-making of the trust

Review of value for money

As accounting officer, the principal has responsibility for ensuring that the academy trust delivers good value in the use of public resources. The accounting officer understands that value for money refers to the educational and wider societal outcomes achieved in return for the taxpayer resources received.

The accounting officer considers how the academy trust's use of its resources has provided good value for money during each academic year, and reports to the board of governors where value for money can be improved, including the use of benchmarking data where appropriate. The accounting officer for the academy trust has delivered improved value for money during the year by:

- Clearer delineation of roles and responsibilities.
- Deployment of middle management and senior management staff to manage timetable improvements
- Integration (kodesh and secular) of curriculum delivery to achieve a more wider spread of curriculum outcomes.
- Review of contracts and SLAs to ensure best value for money and service.
- Admin team review to ensure tighter controls over the school's financial management.

GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives. It can, therefore, only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an on-going process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of academy trust policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in Broughton Jewish Cassel Fox Primary for the period 1 September 2021 to 31 August 2022 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial

Capacity to handle risk

The board of trustees has reviewed the key risks to which the academy trust is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The board of governors is of the view that there is a formal on-going process for identifying, evaluating and managing the academy trust's significant risks that has been in place for the period 1 September 2021 to 31 August 2022 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements. This process is regularly reviewed by the board of trustees.

The risk and control framework

The academy trust's system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular management information and administrative procedures including the segregation of duties and a system of delegation and accountability. In

- comprehensive budgeting and monitoring systems with an annual budget and periodic financial reports which are reviewed and agreed by the board of trustees;
- regular reviews by the resources committee of reports which indicate financial performance against the forecasts and of major purchase plans, capital works and expenditure programmes; setting targets to measure financial and other performance; and
- clearly defined purchasing (asset purchase or capital investment) guidelines identification and management of

The board of trustees has decided not to appoint an auditor for this purpose. However, the trustees have appointed I Rosenberg, a governor, and Chartered Accountant to carry out a programme of internal checks. Mr Rosenberg is suitably qualified and experienced and is able to draw upon technical expertise when required.

The internal reviewer's role includes giving advice on financial and other matters and performing a range of checks on the academy trusts financial and other systems. In particular, the checks carried out in the current period

A review of the school's policies and procedures in respect of asset management and maintenance of fixed

This is a new initiative and it is the intention of the Board that a review is undertaken on a termly basis., The reviewer is to report to the board of trustees, through the resources committee on the operation of the systems of control and on the discharge of the board of trustees' financial responsibilities and annually prepares an annual summary report to the committee outlining the areas reviewed, key findings, recommendations and conclusions to help the committee consider actions and assess year on year progress.

Review of effectiveness

As accounting officer, the principal has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. During the year in question the review has been informed by:

- the work of the internal reviewer;
- the work of the external auditor;
- the financial management and governance self-assessment process or the school resource management self-
- the work of the executive managers within the academy trust who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework.

GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

The accounting officer has been advised of the implications of the result of their review of the system of internal control by the resources and a plan to address weaknesses to ensure continuous improvement of the system is in place.

Approved by order of the members of the board of trustees on 20 December 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

David Bondt

Chair of the Board of Governors

Rabbi Y Pearlman Accounting Officer

STATEMENT OF REGULARITY, PROPRIETY AND COMPLIANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

As accounting officer of Broughton Jewish Cassel Fox, I have considered my responsibility to notify the academy trust Board of Governors and the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) of material irregularity, impropriety and non-compliance with terms and conditions of all funding received by the academy trust, under the funding agreement in place between the academy trust and the Secretary of State for Education. As part of my consideration I have had due regard to the requirements of the Academy Trust Handbook 2021.

I confirm that I and the academy trust's Board of Governors are able to identify any material irregular or improper use of funds by the academy trust, or material non-compliance with the terms and conditions of funding under the academy trust's funding agreement and the Academy Trust Handbook 2021.

I confirm that no instances of material irregularity, impropriety or funding non-compliance have been discovered to date, if any instances are identified after the date of this statement, these will be notified to the Board of Governors and ESFA.

Rabbi Y Pearlman Accounting Officer

Date: 20 December 2022

STATEMENT OF GOVERNORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

The trustees (who are also the directors of Broughton Jewish Cassel Fox for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the governors' report and the accounts in accordance with the Academies Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022 published by the Education and Skills Funding Agency, United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the trustees to prepare accounts for each financial year. Under company law, the trustees must not approve the accounts unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and

In preparing these accounts, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP 2019 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2021 to
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees are responsible for ensuring that in its conduct and operation the charitable company applies financial and other controls, which conform with the requirements both of propriety and of good financial management. They are also responsible for ensuring that grants received from ESFA/DfE have been applied for the purposes intended.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of accounts may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Approved by order of the members of the Board of Governors on 20 December 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

David Bondt

Chair of the Board of Governors

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BROUGHTON JEWISH **CASSEL FOX**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

Opinion

We have audited the accounts of Broughton Jewish Cassel Fox for the year ended 31 August 2022 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet, the statement of cash flows and notes to the accounts, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), the Charities SORP 2019 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022 issued by the

In our opinion the accounts:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 August 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP 2019 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2021

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law, Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the accounts' section of our report. We are independent of the academy trust in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the accounts in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the governors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the academy trust's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the accounts and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the accounts does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the accounts or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the accounts themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BROUGHTON JEWISH CASSEL FOX (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the governors' report including the incorporated strategic report for the financial year for which the accounts are prepared is consistent with the accounts: and
- the governors' report including the incorporated strategic report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the academy trust and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the governors' report, including the incorporated strategic report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the accounts are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of governors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the statement of governors' responsibilities, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the accounts and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the accounts, the trustees are responsible for assessing the academy trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these accounts.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and fraud is provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BROUGHTON JEWISH CASSEL FOX (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the charitable company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- · Identify and test journal entries, in particular any journal entries posting with unusual account combinations.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the charitable company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation (ie. gives a true and fair view).

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Vames Watts

Candice Beynon FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Haines Watts Chartered Accountants

Statutory Auditor

Bridge House Ashley Road

Hale

Altrincham

WA14 2UT

Date: 00/12/2022

INDEPENDENT REPORTING ACCOUNTANT'S ASSURANCE REPORT ON REGULARITY TO BROUGHTON JEWISH CASSEL FOX AND THE EDUCATION AND SKILLS FUNDING AGENCY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 2 July 2020 and further to the requirements of the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) as included in the Academies Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022, we have carried out an engagement to obtain limited assurance about whether the expenditure disbursed and income received by Broughton Jewish Cassel Fox during the period 1 September 2021 to 31 August 2022 have been applied to the purposes identified by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

This report is made solely to Broughton Jewish Cassel Fox and ESFA in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Broughton Jewish Cassel Fox and ESFA those matters we are required to state in a report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Broughton Jewish Cassel Fox and ESFA, for our work, for this report, or for the conclusion we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Broughton Jewish Cassel Fox's accounting officer and the reporting accountant

The accounting officer is responsible, under the requirements of Broughton Jewish Cassel Fox's funding agreement with the Secretary of State for Education dated 25 February 2011 and the Academy Trust Handbook, extant from 1 September 2021, for ensuring that expenditure disbursed and income received is applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

Our responsibilities for this engagement are established in the United Kingdom by our profession's ethical guidance, and are to obtain limited assurance and report in accordance with our engagement letter and the requirements of the Academies Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022. We report to you whether anything has come to our attention in carrying out our work which suggests that in all material respects, expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 September 2021 to 31 August 2022 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament or that the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Approach

We conducted our engagement in accordance with the Framework and Guide for External Auditors and Reporting Accountant of Academy Trusts issued by ESFA. We performed a limited assurance engagement as defined in our engagement letter.

The objective of a limited assurance engagement is to perform such procedures as to obtain information and explanations in order to provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express a negative conclusion on regularity.

A limited assurance engagement is more limited in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express a positive opinion.

Our engagement includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the regularity and propriety of the academy trust's income and expenditure.

INDEPENDENT REPORTING ACCOUNTANT'S ASSURANCE REPORT ON REGULARITY TO BROUGHTON JEWISH CASSEL FOX AND THE EDUCATION AND SKILLS FUNDING AGENCY (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

The work undertaken to draw to our conclusion includes:

- We have confirmed that the activities conform to the academy trust's framework of authorities. As identified by review of minutes, management accounts, discussion with the accounting officer and other key management personnel.
- We have carried out an analytical review as part of the consideration of whether general activities of the academy trust are within the academy trust's framework of authorities.
- We have considered the evidence supporting the accounting officer's statement on regularity, propriety and compliance and have evaluated the general control environment of the academy trust and extended the procedures required for financial statements to include regularity.
- We have assessed and tested a sample of the specific control activities over regularity of a particular activity. In
 performing sample testing of expenditure, we have considered whether the activity is permissible within the
 academy trust's framework of authorities. We confirm that each item tested has been appropriately authorised
 in accordance with the academy trust's delegated authorities and that the internal delegations have been
 approved by the board of trustees, and conform to the limits set by the Department for Education.
- Formal representations have been obtained from the board of trustees and the accounting officer
 acknowledging their responsibilities including disclosing all non-compliance with laws and regulations specific to
 the authorising framework, access to accounting records, provision of information and explanations, and other
 matters where direct evidence is not available.
- In performing sample testing of expenditure, we have reviewed against specific terms of grant funding within the
 funding agreement. We have reviewed the list of suppliers and have considered whether supplies are from
 related parties and have reviewed minutes for evidence of declaration of interest, and whether or not there was
 involvement in the decision to order from this supplier.
- We have performed sample testing of other income and tested whether activities are permitted within the academy trust's charitable objects.

Conclusion

In the course of our work nothing has come to our attention which suggests that in all material respects the expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 September 2021 to 31 August 2022 has not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Manes Watts

Reporting Accountant

Date 20/12/2027

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT AND STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

luccours and and an also make for my	Notes	Unrestricted funds £'000		icted funds: Fixed asset £'000	Total 2022 £'000	Total 2021 £'000
Income and endowments from: Donations and capital grants Charitable activities:	3	113	166	107	386	293
- Funding for educational operations	4	-	2,091	-	2,091	2,173
Other trading activities	5	160			160	93
Total		<u>273</u>	2,257		2,637	2,559 ====
Expenditure on:						
Raising funds Charitable activities:	6	-	120	-	120	96
- Educational operations	7	366	2,362	116	2,844	2,620
Total	6	366 =====	2,482	116 ====	2,964 ———	2,716 =====
Net expenditure		(93)	(225)	(9)	(327)	(157)
Other recognised gains/(losses) Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined						
benefit pension schemes	17	-	1,199	-	1,199	(176)
Net movement in funds		(93)	974	(9)	872	(333)
Reconciliation of funds						
Total funds brought forward		151	(924)	4,464	3,691	4,024
Total funds carried forward		 58 	50	4,455	4,563	3,691

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT AND STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

					
Comparative year information	Ur	restricted	Restr	icted funds;	Total
Year ended 31 August 2021		funds		Fixed asset	2021
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Income and endowments from:			~ 000	2.000	£'000
Donations and capital grants Charitable activities;	3	8	276	9	293
 Funding for educational operations 	4	_	2,173		0.470
Other trading activities	5	93	2,170		2,173
** , ,					93
Total		101	2,449	9	2,559
Expenditure on:			=====	===	2,008
Raising funds					
Charitable activities:	6	-	96	-	96
- Educational operations	_				
- and an operations	7	24	2,477	119	2,620
Total	6				
	U	<u>24</u>	2,573	119	2,716
					====
Net Income/(expenditure)		77	(124)	(110)	(157)
Othorroomulandout			, , , ,	()	(107)
Other recognised gains/(losses)					
Actuarial losses on defined benefit pension schemes					
	17	-	(176)	-	(176)
Net movement in funds				***·	
		77	(300)	(110)	(333)
Reconciliation of funds					
Total funds brought forward		74	(00.4)		
			(624)	4,574	4,024
Total funds carried forward		151	(924)	4 404	
			(324)	4,464	3,691
				===	

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 AUGUST 2022

		2022	}	202	1
Fixed assets	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'006
Tangible assets	4.4				~ ~ ~ ~
	11		4,441		4,462
Current assets					,
Debtors	12	90			
Cash at bank and in hand	1 24	80 189		293	
		109		107	
O		269			
Current liabilities		200		400	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year					
your	13	(197)		(247)	
Net current assets		-			
20000			72		153
Net assets excluding pension liability					
			4,513		4,615
Defined benefit pension scheme					
esset/(liability)	17		50		
5.4.t.					(924
otal net assets			4,563		
unds of the academy trust:			===		3,691
Restricted funds					
Fixed asset funds	15				
Pension reserve			4,455		4,464
· · · · ·			50		(924)
otal restricted funds					
			4,505		3,540
nrestricted income funds	15		50		
	,-		58		151
otal funds			4,563		
			4,003		3,691 ====

The accounts were approved by the trustees and authorised for issue on 20 December 2022 and are signed on their behalf by:

David Bondt

Chair of the Board of Governors

Company registration number 08133686

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

2022 2021 Notes £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 Cash flows from operating activities Net cash provided by/(used in) operating	000
Cash flows from operating activities	000
Cash flows from operating activities Net cash provided by/(used lo) operating	
activities 40	(57)
Cash flows from investing activities	
Capital grants from DfE Group 9	
Capital funding received from sponsors and others 98	
Purchase of tangible fixed assets (95) (7)	
Net cash provided by investing activities 12	2
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash	
equivalents in the reporting period	(55)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 107	62
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year 189 1	07

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

1 Accounting policies

Broughton Jewish Cassel Fox is a charitable company. The address of its principal place of business is given on page 1 and the nature of its operations are set out in the governors' report.

A summary of the principal accounting policies adopted (which have been applied consistently, except where noted), judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty, is set out below.

1.1 Basis of preparation

The accounts of the academy trust, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), the Accounting and Reporting by Charitles: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Academies Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022 Issued by ESFA, the Charities Act 2011 and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2 Going concern

The trustees assess whether the use of going concern is appropriate, ie whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the charitable company to continue as a going concern. The trustees make this assessment in respect of a period of at least one year from the date of authorisation for issue of the accounts and have concluded that the academy trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and there are no material uncertainties about the academy trust's ability to continue as a going concern. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the accounts.

1.3 Income

All incoming resources are recognised when the academy trust has entitlement to the funds, the receipt is probable and the amount can be measured reliably.

Grants

Grants are included in the statement of financial activities on a receivable basis. The balance of Income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period is shown in the relevant funds on the balance sheet. Where Income is received in advance of meeting any performance-related conditions there is not unconditional entitlement to the income and its recognition is deferred and included in creditors as deferred income until the performance-related conditions are met. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income is accrued.

General Annual Grant is recognised in full in the statement of financial activities in the period for which it is receivable, and any abatement in respect of the period is deducted from income and recognised as a liability.

Capital grants are recognised in full when there is an unconditional entitlement to the grant. Unspent amounts of capital grants are reflected in the balance sheet in the restricted fixed asset fund. Capital grants are recognised when there is entitlement and are not deferred over the life of the asset on which they are expended.

Sponsorship income

Sponsorship income provided to the academy trust which amounts to a donation is recognised in the statement of financial activities in the period in which it is receivable (where there are no performance-related conditions), where the receipt is probable and it can be measured reliably.

Donations

Donations are recognised on a receivable basis (where there are no performance-related conditions) where the receipt is probable and the amount can be reliably measured.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Other income

Other income, including the hire of facilities, is recognised in the period it is receivable and to the extent the academy trust has provided the goods or services.

Donated goods, facilities and services

Goods donated for resale are included at fair value, being the expected proceeds from sale less the expected costs of sale. If it is practical to assess the fair value at receipt, it is recognised in stock and 'Income from other trading activities'. Upon sale, the value of the stock is charged against 'Income from other trading activities' and the proceeds are recognised as 'Income from other trading activities'. Where it is impractical to fair value the items due to the volume of low value items they are not recognised in the accounts until they are sold. This income is recognised within 'Income from other trading activities'.

Donated fixed assets

Donated fixed assets are measured at fair value unless it is impractical to measure this reliably, in which case the cost of the item to the donor is used. The gain is recognised as income from donations and a corresponding amount is included in the appropriate fixed asset category and depreciated over the useful economic life in accordance with the academy trust's accounting policies.

1.4 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

All resources expended are inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

Expenditure on raising funds

This includes all expenditure incurred by the academy trust to raise funds for its charitable purposes and includes costs of all fundraising activities events and non-charitable trading.

Charitable activities

These are costs incurred on the academy trust's educational operations, including support costs and costs relating to the governance of the academy trust apportioned to charitable activities.

1.5 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Assets costing £1,000 or more are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are carried at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment.

Where tangible fixed assets have been acquired with the aid of specific grants, either from the government or from the private sector, they are included in the balance sheet at cost and depreciated over their expected useful economic life. Where there are specific conditions attached to the funding that require the continued use of the asset, the related grants are credited to a restricted fixed asset fund in the statement of financial activities and carried forward in the balance sheet. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged directly to the restricted fixed asset fund in the statement of financial activities. Where tangible fixed assets have been acquired with unrestricted funds, depreciation on such assets is charged to the unrestricted fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset on a straight line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold land and buildings Freehold improvements

Assets under construction Computer equipment

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

0.8% straight-line (land), 2% straight-line (buildings)

2% straight-line Not depreciated

20% /30% straight-line

20%/30% straight-line

The land and buildings from which the school operates is owned by Broughton Jewish Primary School (Ohel MosheYit Schok), a registered charity.

Assets in the course of construction are included at cost. Depreciation on these assets is not charged until they are brought into use and reclassified to freehold or leasehold land and buildings.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of any fixed asset may not be recoverable. Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts are recognised as impairments. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of financial activities.

1.6 Liabilities

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the academy trust anticipates it will pay provide.

1.7 Leased assets

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

1.8 Financial instruments

The academy trust only holds basic financial instruments as defined in FRS 102. The financial assets and financial liabilities of the academy trust and their measurement basis are as follows.

Financial assets

Trade and other debtors are basic financial instruments and are debt instruments measured at amortised cost. Prepayments are not financial instruments.

Cash at bank is classified as a basic financial instrument and is measured at face value.

Financial liabilities

Trade creditors, accruals and other creditors are financial instruments, and are measured at amortised cost. Taxation and social security are not included in the financial instruments disclosure definition.

Deferred income is not deemed to be a financial liability, as the cash settlement has already taken place and there is an obligation to deliver services rather than cash or another financial instrument.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.9 Taxation

The academy trust is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the academy trust is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by chapter 3 part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 258 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

1.10 Pensions benefits

Retirement benefits to employees of the academy trust are provided by the Teachers' Pension Scheme ('TPS') and the Local Government Pension Scheme ('LGPS'). These are defined benefit schemes and the assets are held separately from those of the academy trust.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme and contributions are calculated to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the academy trust in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll. The contributions are determined by the Government Actuary based on quadrennial valuations using a prospective unit credit method. The TPS is an unfunded multi-employer scheme with no underlying assets to assign between employers. Consequently, the TPS is treated as a defined contribution scheme for accounting purposes and the contributions are recognised in the period to which they relate.

The LGPS is a funded multi-employer scheme and the assets are held separately from those of the academy trust in separate trustee administered funds. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method and discounted at a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high-quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liabilities. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each balance sheet date. The amounts charged to net income or expenditure are the current service costs and the costs of scheme introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs as incurred. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset is also recognised in the statement of financial activities and comprises the interest cost on the defined benefit obligation and interest income on the scheme assets, calculated by multiplying the fair value of the scheme assets at the beginning of the period by the rate used to discount the benefit obligations. The difference between the interest income on the scheme assets and the actual return on the scheme assets is recognised in other recognised gains and losses. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in other recognised gains and losses.

1.11 Fund accounting

Unrestricted income funds represent those resources which may be used towards meeting any of the charitable objects of the academy trust at the discretion of the trustees.

Restricted fixed asset funds are resources which are to be applied to specific capital purposes imposed by funders where the asset acquired or created is held for a specific purpose.

Restricted general funds comprise all other restricted funds received with restrictions imposed by the funder/donor and include grants from the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

2 Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement

Accounting estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

2 Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement

(Continued)

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The academy trust makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

The present value of the Local Government Pension Scheme defined benefit liability depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost or income for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions, which are disclosed in note 17 will impact the carrying amount of the pension liability. Furthermore, a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 March 2019 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions liability at 31 August 2022. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension liability.

3 Donations and capital grants

granic	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	Total 2022 £'000	Total 2021 £'000
Private sponsorship Capital grants Other donations	- - 113	166 9 98	166 9	276 9
	113	273	211 ———————————————————————————————————	 293
		<u> </u>		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

4 Funding for the academy trust's charitable activities

DfE/ESFA grants	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	Total 2022 £'000	Total 2021 £'000
General annual grant (GAG) Other DfE/ESFA grants:	-	1,718	1,718	1,688
- UIFSM - Pupil premium	-	60 38	60 38	73
- Teachers' pension grant - Others	•	6	6	8 64
		54	54	50
Other government grants	-	1,876 ———	1,876 ====	1,883
Local authority grants Coronavirus job retention scheme		215 -	215	250 7
	•	215	215	257
COVID-19 additional funding DfE/ESFA				
Catch-up premium	-	=		33
Total funding	-	2,091	2,091 =====	2,173

The academy trust received £215,000 (2021 - £250,000) from the local authority in the year, being £40,000 (2021: £44,000) high needs funding £175,000 (2021 - £175,000) early years funding and £Nil rates relief (2021: £31,000).

There were no unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies relating to the grants in the year.

5 Other trading activities

	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	Total 2022 £'000	Total 2021 £'000
Other school activities	36		36	
Catering income Hire of facilities Parental contributions	85	-	85	66
	12	•	12	-
	27	-	27	27
		•	·	
	160	-	160	93
				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

	Expenditure		••					
		Staff costs	Non-pay Premises	expenditure	Total	Tota		
		£'000	£'000	Other £'000	2022	202		
		2000	2.000	£ 000	£'000	£'00		
	Expenditure on raising funds							
	- Direct costs	-	-	120	120	ç		
	Academy's educational operations					`		
	- Direct costs	1,340	•	95	1,435	1,32		
	- Allocated support costs	885 	380	144	1,409	1,29		
		2,225	380	359	2,964	2,71		
				===		==		
	Net income/(expenditure) for the	year includes:			2022	202		
	Cooperate to the co				£'000	£'00		
	Fees payable to auditor for: - Audit							
	- Other services				7			
	Operating lease rentals				1			
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets				36	4		
i	Net interest on defined benefit pensi	on liability			116 17	11		
	•	,		•	17	1		
(Charitable activities							
		u	nrestricted	Restricted	Total	Tota		
			funds	funds	2022	202		
	Divostt-		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'00		
	Direct costs Educational operations							
	addeational operations		366	1,069	1,435	1,323		
	Support costs							
E	Educational operations		-	1,409	1,409	1,297		
			366	2,478	2,844	2,620		
					===	===		
Δ	Analysis of costs				2022	2021		
r	Direct costs				£'000	£'000		
		#						
S	eaching and educational support sta Staff development	II COSTS			1,340	1,156		
	echnology costs				1	3		
	ducational supplies and services				15	74		
0	Other direct costs				46	88		
•	311331 33313				33	5		
					1,435	1,323		
					1,400	1.52.		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

7	Charitable activities		(Continued)
		2022	2021
	Support costs	£'000	£'000
	Support staff costs	901	802
	Depreciation	116	119
	Technology costs	24	19
	Recruitment and support	23	-
	Maintenance of premises and equipment	78	73
	Cleaning	61	75
	Energy costs	45	37
	Rent, rates and other occupancy costs Insurance	22	52
	Security and transport	9	-
	Interest on net defined pension scheme	49	58
	Other support costs	17	11
	Governance costs	57	37
		7	14
		1,409	1,297
		====	1,297
^	0. "		
8	Staff		
	Staff costs		
	Staff costs during the year were:		
	otan costs during the year were.		
		2022	2021
		£'000	£'000
	Wages and salaries	1,574	1,424
	Social security costs	136	1,424
	Pension costs	500	384
	Staff costs - employees	2,210	1,933
	Agency staff costs	15	24
			<u></u>
	Stoff dovotonment and the sale of	2,225	1,957
	Staff development and other staff costs	17	4
	Total staff expenditure		4.5.4.
	votal oldi osposolidio	2,242	1,961
		-	
	Staff numbers		
	The average number of persons employed by the academy trust of	during the year was as follows:	
		2022	2021
		Number	Number
	Teachers	-	
	Administration and support	25	23
	Management	37	39
	-	6	4
		68	66
		40	w

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

8 Staff

(Continued)

Higher paid staff

The number of employees whose employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs and employer national insurance contributions) exceeded £60,000 was:

2021	2022
Number	Number
4	1

£60,001-£70,000

Key management personnel

The key management personnel of the academy trust comprise the trustees and the senior management team as listed on page 1. The total amount of employee benefits (including employer pension contributions and employer national insurance contributions) received by key management personnel for their services to the academy trust was £258,000 (2021: £226,000).

9 Governors' remuneration and expenses

One or more of the governors has been paid remuneration or has received other benefits from an employment with the Academy Trust. The principal and other staff governors only receive remuneration in respect of services they provide undertaking the roles of principal and staff members under their contracts of employment, and not in respect of their services as governors.

The value of governors' and other benefits was a follows:

C Davies

Remuneration £40,001-45,000 (2021: £40,001-£45,000)

Employers' pension contributions paid £5,001-£10,000 (2021: £5,001-£10,000)

Y Pearlman

Remuneration £60,001-£65,000 (2021: £55,001-£60,000)

Employers' pension contributions paid £15,001-£20,000 (2021: £10,001-£15,000)

N Taylor

Remuneration £55,001-£60,000 (2021: £55,001-£60,000)

Employers' pension contributions paid £10,001-£15,000 (2021: £10,001-£15,000)

During the year, there were no travel and subsistence expenses reimbursed or paid directly to the trustees (2021: £nil).

Other related party transactions involving the trustees are set out within the related parties note.

10 Governors' and officers' insurance

The academy trust has opted into the Department for Education's Risk Protection Arrangement (RPA), an alternative to insurance where UK government funds cover losses that arise. This scheme protects trustees and officers from claims arising from negligent acts, errors or omissions occurring whilst on academy trust business, and provides cover up to £10,000,000. It is not possible to quantify the trustees and officers indemnity element from the overall cost of the RPA scheme.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

11	Tangible fixed assets						
		Freehold land & imp	Freehold provement	Assets under	Computer equipment	Fixtures, fittings &	
		buildings	COI	nstruction		equipment	Total
	Cost	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	At 1 September 2021	3,765	1,540	-	00		
•	Additions	•	14	72	98 4	224 5	5,627
	A104 A						95
	At 31 August 2022	3,765	1,554	72	102	229	5,722
	Depreciation		 _	·			
	At 1 September 2021	677	200		89	400	4 405
	Charge for the year	75	31	_	3	199 7	1,165
							116
	At 31 August 2022	752	231	-	92	206	1,281
	Net book value	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	At 31 August 2022	3,013	1,323	72	40		
		===	===	===	<u>10</u>	23	4,441
	At 31 August 2021	3,088	1,340 =====	•	9	25	4,462
12	Debtors						
						2022	2021
						£'000	£'000
	VAT recoverable						
	Other debtors					16 37	44
	Prepayments and accrued incon	ne				37 27	235 14
						80	293
							=
13	Creditors: amounts falling due	within one y	/ear				
						2022	2021
						£'000	£'000
	Trade creditors						
	Other taxation and social security	,				79	119
	Accruals and deferred income	•				67	67
						51 ———	61
						197	247

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

14	Deferred income		
		2022	2021
		£'000	£'000
	Deferred income is included within:		
	Creditors due wilhin one year	38	35
		Access to the second se	=
	Deferred income at 1 September 2021	35	46
	Released from previous years	(35)	(46)
	Resources deferred in the year	38	35
	Deferred income at 31 August 2022	38	35

At the balance sheet date, the academy trust was holding funds received in advance for the following purposes:

• Universal Infant Free School Meals grant received in advance - £38,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

15	Funds					
		Balance at			Gains,	Balance at
		1 September			losses and	31 August
		2021	Income	Expenditure	transfers	2022
	B. 43.4.4	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Restricted general funds					
	General Annual Grant (GAG)	•	1,718	(1,718)	•	
	UIFSM	-	60	(60)	-	
	Pupit premium	-	38	(38)	_	
	Other DfE/ESFA grants	-	60	(60)	_	
	Other government grants	•	215	(215)	•	-
	Other restricted funds	•	166	(166)		_
	Pension reserve	(924)	-	(225)	1,199	50
					-	
		(924)	2,257	(2,482)	1,199	50
	Destalated etc. 1 a.e. 1					
	Restricted fixed asset funds					
	Inherited on conversion	3,152	-	(80)	-	3,072
	DfE group capital grants	526	9	(13)	-	522
	Capital expenditure from GAG	345	•	(9)	-	336
	Private sector capital sponsorship	444				
	apolisora ilp	441	98	(14)	-	525
		4,464	107	(116)		4 155
		-,,,,,,		(110)		4,455
	Total restricted funds	3,540	2,364	(2,598)	1,199	4,505
		====		(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-1,000
	Unrestricted funds					
	General funds	151	273	(366)	•	58
		-		===		====
	Total funds					
	i viai julius	3,691	2,637	(2,964)	1,199	4,563
					===	===

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

15 Funds

(Continued)

The specific purposes for which the funds are to be applied are as follows:

Restricted General Funds are used specifically to provide educational resources for the pupils of the Academy,

Restricted Fixed Asset Funds are funds to provide for the installation, maintenance and repair of the fixed assets of the academy.

Unrestricted Funds are those other resources which may be used to further the objectives of the academy.

The pension value as at 31 August 2022 has been determined by the actuary which is now showing the academy trust as having a pension asset as at 31 August 2022. In accordance with applicable accounting standards, the asset value has been deemed to be recognisable on the basis that the academy trust has expectations of reduced future employer contributions at some point during the life of the plan. Although a pension asset is arising, this does not create an immediately realisable asset that can be expended for the specific purposes of the pension fund.

Under the funding agreement with the Secretary of State, the academy trust was not subject to a limit on the amount of GAG that it could carry forward at 31 August 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

Funds					(Continued
Comparative Information in I	respect of the prece	ding period	is as follows:		(======================================
	Balance at 1 September			Gains, losses and	Balance a
	2020	Income	Expenditure	transfers	31 Augus 202
Restricted general funds	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'0(
General Annual Grant (GAG)					* V(
UIFSM	•	1,688	(1,688)	-	
Pupil premium	-	73	(73)	_	
Catch-up premium	-	8	(8)	-	
Other DfE/ESFA grants	•	33	(33)		
Other government grants Teachers' pension grant Other restricted funds Pension reserve	•	114	(114)	-	
	•	257	(257)	-	
	•	64	(64)	-	
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	212	(212)	•	
	(624)		(124)	(176)	(92
	(624)	2,449	(2,573)	(176)	(92
Restricted fixed asset funds				===	, o .
Inherited on conversion	0.000				
DIE group capital grants	3,236		(84)	•	3,15
Capital expenditure from GAG	531	9	(14)	-	52
Private sector capital	354	•	(9)	•	34
sponsorship	453	-	(12)	-	441
	4,574	9	(119)		-
	*************	==	(118)	-	4,464 =====
Total restricted funds	3,950	2,458	(2,692)	(176)	3,540
Unrestricted funds				==	
General funds					
- The Granting	74	101	(24)	-	151
					====
Total funds	4,024	2,559	(2,716)	(476)	
	-	=,,,,,	(2-,1-10)	(176)	3,691

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

Analysis of net assets between funds	Unrestricted	Da-	Anio Ao al Secondo	
	Funds	Res General	tricted funds; Flxed asset	Total
	£'000	£'000		Funds
Fund balances at 31 August 2022 are	£ 000	£ 000	£'000	£'000
represented by:				
Tangible fixed assets			4 4 4 4	
Current assets	255	-	4,441	4,441
Current liabilities		-	14	269
Pension scheme asset	(197)	-	•	(197)
. offeren conforme asset	•	50	•	50
Total net assets	-	•		
rotal net assets	58	50	4,455	4,563
		===	**************************************	====
	Unrestricted	Res	tricted funds:	Total
	Funds	General	Fixed asset	Funds
—	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fund balances at 31 August 2021 are represented by:				~ 000
Tangible fixed assets	_	_	4.460	4.400
Current assets	398	-	4,462	4,462
Current liabilities	(247)	•	2	400
Pension scheme liability	(441)		•	(247)
y		(924)	•	(924)
Total net assets	151	(00.4)		
	101	(924)	4,464	3,691
				===

17 Pension and similar obligations

The academy trust's employees belong to two principal pension schemes: the Teachers' Pension Scheme England and Wales (TPS) for academic and related staff; and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) for non-teaching staff, which is managed by Greater Manchester Pension Fund. Both are multi-employer defined benefit schemes.

The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS related to the period ended 31 March 2016, and that of the LGPS related to the period ended 31 March 2019.

Contributions amounting to £10,000 were payable to the schemes at 31 August 2022 (2021:£31,000) and are included within creditors.

Teachers' Pension Scheme

Introduction

The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme, governed by the Teachers' Pension Scheme Regulations 2014. Membership is automatic for teachers in academy trusts. All teachers have the option to opt out of the TPS following enrolment.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme to which both the member and employer makes contributions, as a percentage of salary. These contributions are credited to the Exchequer. Retirement and other pension benefits are paid by public funds provided by Parliament.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

17 Pension and similar obligations

(Continued)

Valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Government Actuary, using normal actuarial principles, conducts a formal actuarial review of the TPS in accordance with the Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014 published by HM Treasury every 4 years. The aim of the review is to specify the level of future contributions. Actuarial scheme valuations are dependent on assumptions about the value of future costs, design of benefits and many other factors. The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS was carried out as at 31 March 2016. The valuation report was published by the Department for Education on 5 March 2019.

The key elements of the valuation and subsequent consultation are:

- employer contribution rates set at 23.68% of pensionable pay (including a 0.08% employer administration charge)
- total scheme liabilities (pensions currently in payment and the estimated cost of future benefits) for service
 to the effective date of £218,100 million, and notional assets (estimated future contributions together with
 notional investments held at the valuation date) of £196,100 million giving a notional past service deficit
- the SCAPE rate, set by HMT, is used to determine the notional investment return. The current SCAPE rate
 is 2.4% above the rate of CPI. The assumed real rate of return is 2.4% in excess of prices and 2% in
 excess of earnings. The rate of real earnings growth is assumed to be 2.2%. The assumed nominal rate of
 return including earnings growth is 4.45%.

The next valuation result is due to be implemented from 1 April 2024,

The employer's pension costs paid to the TPS in the period amounted to £ 201,000 (2021: £ 132,000)

A copy of the valuation report and supporting documentation is on the Teachers' Pensions website.

Under the definitions set out in FRS 102, the TPS is an unfunded multi-employer pension scheme. The academy trust has accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. The academy trust has set out above the information available on the scheme.

Local Government Pension Scheme

The LGPS is a funded defined benefit pension scheme, with the assets held in separate trustee-administered funds. The total contributions are as noted below. The agreed contribution rates for future years are 18.7% for employers and between 5.5% and 12.5% for employees.

Parliament has agreed, at the request of the Secretary of State for Education, to a guarantee that, in the event of academy closure, outstanding Local Government Pension Scheme liabilities would be met by the Department for Education. The guarantee came into force on 18 July 2013.

Total contributions made	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Employer's contributions Employees' contributions	90 28	76 24
Total contributions	****	
Total contributions	118	100

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

	Pension and similar obligations			(Continued)
	Principal actuarial assumptions	20)22 %	2021 %
	Rate of increase in salaries	2	.80	2.05
	Rate of increase for pensions in paymen/inflation		.05	3.65 2.90
	Discount rate for scheme liabilities		25	1.65
				===
	The current mortality assumptions include sufficient allow assumed life expectalions on retirement age 65 are:	ance for future improvements in mo	ortali	ly rates. The
		20	22	2021
		Yea	ırs	Years
	Retiring today			
	- Males	20).3	20.5
	Females	23	3.2	23.3
	Retiring in 20 years · Males			
	· Females		.6	21.9
	of Gillates	25 ===		25,3
5	cheme liabilities would have been affected by changes in			
	Changes in assumptions at 31 August 2022	Approximate % Increase		Approximate
	•			tary amount (£000)
1	0.1% decrease in Real Discount Rate	20/		•
	year increase in member life expectancy	3% 4%		35
- (0.1% increase in the Salary Increase Rate	0%		55 2
(0.1% Increase in the Pension Increase Rate	2%		33
				• •
_				
٦	he academy trust's share of the assets in the scheme	203		2021
7	he academy trust's share of the assets in the scheme	e 202 Fair vait	16	
7	he academy trust's share of the assets in the scheme	203	16	2021
E	Equities	e 202 Fair valu £'00	16	2021 Fair value
E	Equilies londs	98)0 16	2021 Fair value £'000
E E	Equilies Jonds Eash	98 98 19	00 30	2021 Fair value £'000
E E	Equilies londs	98 199 199 199 199	30 30 16	2021 Fair value £'000 928 197
E E C	Equilies Jonds Eash	98 199 199 199 199	30 39 14 28	2021 Fair value £'000 928 197 91

The actual return on scheme assets was £18,000 (2021: £209,000).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

17	Pension and similar obligations	(Continued)
	Amount recognised in the statement of financial activities	2022	2021
		£'000	£'000
	Current service cost	289	189
	Past service cost	203	. 109
	Interest income	(22)	(18)
	Interest cost	39	29
	Total operating charge	<u> </u>	
	rotal operating citarge	315	200
			===
	Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations	2022	2021
		£'000	£'000
	At 1 September 2021	2,231	4 000
	Current service cost	289	1,638 189
	Interest cost	39	29
	Employee contributions	28	24
	Actuarial (gain)/loss	(1,203)	367
	Benefits paid	(22)	(16)
	Past service cost	9	`-
	At 31 August 2022	1,371	
		1,371	2,231
	Changes in the following of the made with the state of th		
	Changes in the fair value of the academy trust's share of scheme assets	2022	0004
		2022 £'000	2021
	•	2.000	£'000
	At 1 September 2021	1,307	1,014
	Interest Income	22	18
	Actuarial loss/(gain)	(4)	191
	Employer contributions	90	76
	Employee contributions	28	24
	Benefits paid	(22)	(16)
	At 31 August 2022	1,421	1,307
		₩ 	1,001

The pension value as at 31 August 2022 has been determined by the actuary which is now showing the academy trust as having a pension asset as at 31 August 2022. In accordance with applicable accounting standards, the asset value has been deemed to be recognisable on the basis that the academy trust has expectations of reduced future employer contributions at some point during the life of the plan. Although a pension asset is arising, this does not create an immediately realisable asset that can be expended for the specific purposes of the pension fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

	Reconcillation of net expenditure to net cash flow from operating activities					
		2022 £'000	2021 £'000			
	Net expenditure for the reporting period (as per the statement of financial					
	activities)	(327)	(157)			
	Addition to the second	(02,7)	(137)			
	Adjusted for:					
	Capital grants from DfE and other capital income	(107)	(9)			
	Defined benefit pension costs less contributions payable Defined benefit pension scheme finance cost	208	113			
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	17	11			
	Decrease/(increase) in debtors	116	119			
	(Decrease)/increase in creditors	213	(231)			
	(Decrease)) Increase ID Cledifors	(50)	97			
	Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities					
	the state of the s	70	(57)			
		===				
19	Analysis of changes in net funds					
	1 September	Cash flows	31 August			
	2021	- 11011 110110	2022			
	£'000	£'000	£'000			
	Cash 107	82	400			
		52	189 ——			
20	Long-term commitments					
	Operating leases At 31 August 2022 the total of the academy trust's future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases was:					
	At 31 August 2022 the total of the academy trust's future minimum lease navo	nents under non-	-cancellable			
	At 31 August 2022 the total of the academy trust's future minimum lease navo					
	At 31 August 2022 the total of the academy trust's future minimum lease navo	2022	2021			
	At 31 August 2022 the total of the academy trust's future minimum lease payn operating leases was:					
	At 31 August 2022 the total of the academy trust's future minimum lease payn operating leases was: Amounts due within one year	2022	2021 £'000			
	At 31 August 2022 the total of the academy trust's future minimum lease payn operating leases was:	2022 £'000	2021 £'000			
	At 31 August 2022 the total of the academy trust's future minimum lease payn operating leases was: Amounts due within one year	2022 £'000	2021 £'000			
	At 31 August 2022 the total of the academy trust's future minimum lease payn operating leases was: Amounts due within one year	2022 £'000	2021 £'000			
	At 31 August 2022 the total of the academy trust's future minimum lease payn operating leases was: Amounts due within one year	2022 £'000 26 6	2021 £'000 34 19			
21	At 31 August 2022 the total of the academy trust's future minimum lease payn operating leases was: Amounts due within one year	2022 £'000 26 6	2021 £'000 34 19			
21	At 31 August 2022 the total of the academy trust's future minimum lease payre operating leases was: Amounts due within one year Amounts due in two and five years	2022 £'000 26 6 ———————————————————————————————	2021 £'000 34 19 ———————————————————————————————————			
21	At 31 August 2022 the total of the academy trust's future minimum lease payre operating leases was: Amounts due within one year Amounts due in two and five years	2022 £'000 26 6 32	2021 £'000 34 19 53			
21	At 31 August 2022 the total of the academy trust's future minimum lease payre operating leases was: Amounts due within one year Amounts due in two and five years Capital commitments	2022 £'000 26 6 ———————————————————————————————	2021 £'000 34 19 ———————————————————————————————————			
21	At 31 August 2022 the total of the academy trust's future minimum lease payre operating leases was: Amounts due within one year Amounts due in two and five years	2022 £'000 26 6 32	2021 £'000 34 19 53			
21	At 31 August 2022 the total of the academy trust's future minimum lease payre operating leases was: Amounts due within one year Amounts due in two and five years Capital commitments	2022 £'000 26 6 32 ===============================	2021 £'000 34 19 53			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

22 Related party transactions

Owing to the nature of the academy trust and the composition of the board of governors being drawn from local public and private sector organisations, transactions may take place with organisations in which the governors have an interest. All transactions involving such organisations are conducted in accordance with the requirements of the Handbook, including notifying the EFSA of all transactions made on or after 1 April 2019 and obtaining their approval where required, and with the academy trust's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures relating to connected and related party transactions. The following related party transactions took place in the financial period.

Expenditure related party transactions

State Fayre Limited - a company in which Mr J Fagelman (a governor) together with his wife has a 50% interest.

The Academy Trust purchased provisions from State Fayre Limited totalling £5,612 (2021:£6,158) during the period. The balance outstanding at 31 August 2022 was £nil (2021:£nil)

The full amount of has been provided 'at no more than cost' and State Fayre Limited has provided a statement of assurance confirming this.

Income related party transactions

During the year Broughton Jewish Primary School (Ohel Moshe Yitschok) a charity in which Rabbis A Jaffe, and B Cohen are Trustees, donated £183,000 (2021:£147,000) to the school as a contribution towards teachers' salaries and other educational purposes.

At 31 August 2022 there was £nil outstanding (2021:£147,000).

During the year the school received a donation of £80,000 (2021:£80,000) from BJOF (Broughton Jewish Opportunity Fund.)

At 31 August 2022 £nil was outstanding (2021:£80,000).

23 Members' liability

Each member of the charitable company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of it being wound up while he or she is a member, or within one year after he or she ceases to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £10.

